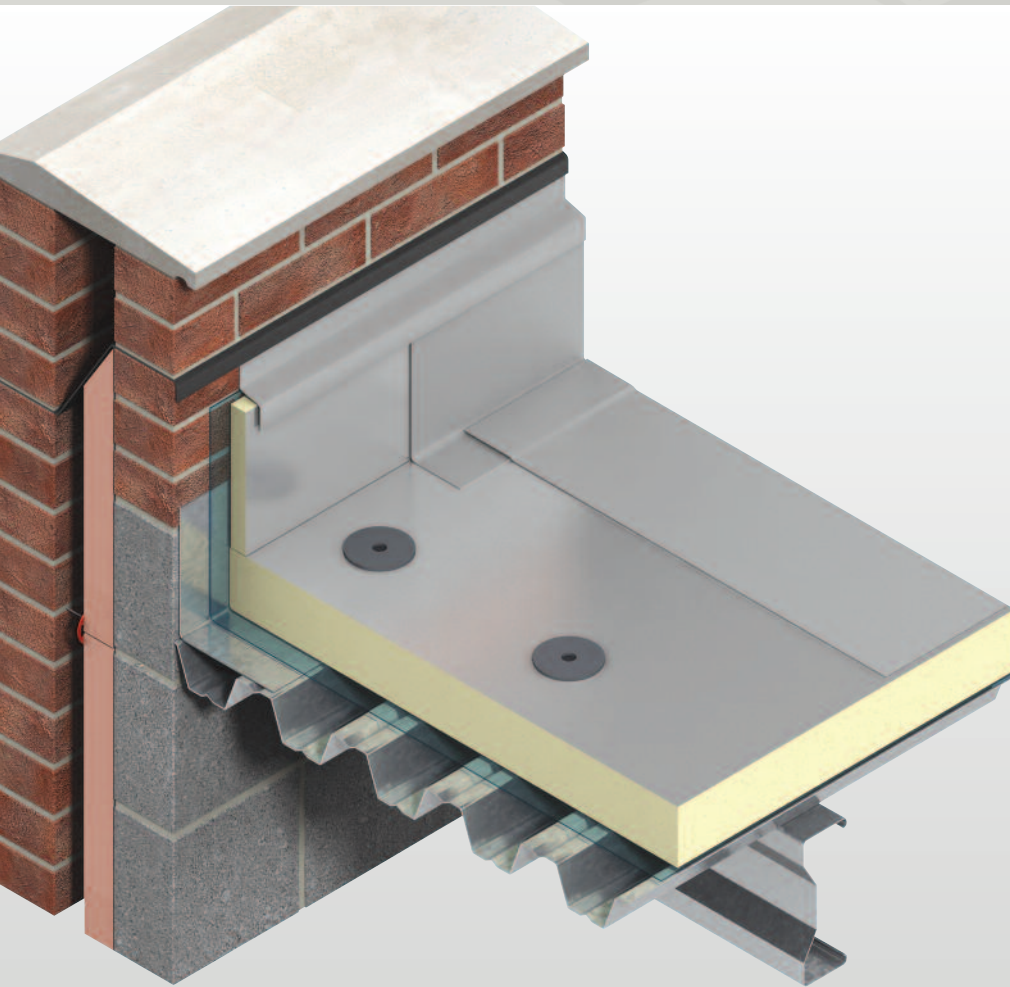




Thermarroof® TR26 LPC/FM

INSULATION FOR FLAT ROOFS WATERPROOFED WITH MECHANICALLY FIXED SINGLE-PLY WATERPROOFING



- High performance rigid thermoset insulation – thermal conductivity 0.022 W/m-K
- LPCB approved to LPS 1181: Part 1
- FM approved for Class 1 steel deck roof assemblies
- Fully compatible with most mechanically fixed single-ply waterproofing systems
- Compatible with most green roof systems
- Installation technique is ideal for fast track building programmes
- Resistant to the passage of water vapour
- Easy to handle and install
- Ideal for new build and refurbishment
- Non-deleterious material
- Manufactured with a blowing agent that has zero ODP and low GWP



LPS 1181: Part 1
Certificate No. 388b/01



APPROVED
Class 1 Roof
Construction



*Low Energy –
Low Carbon Buildings*

Typical Constructions and U-values

Assumptions

The U-values in the tables that follow have been calculated, under a management system certified to the BBA Scheme for Assessing the Competency of Persons to Undertake U-value and Condensation Risk Calculations, using the method detailed in BS / I.S. EN ISO 6946: 2007 (Building components and building elements. Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance. Calculation method) and using the conventions set out in BR443 "Conventions for U-value calculations". They are valid for the constructions shown in the details immediately above each table.



These examples are based on **Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM**, waterproofed using a mechanically fixed single-ply membrane. The insulation board is mechanically through a sealed metal deck, or over a vapour control layer, which has itself been loose-laid directly over the type of deck stated for each application. The ceiling, where applicable, is taken to be a 3 mm skim coated 12.5 mm plasterboard with a cavity between it and the underside of the deck.

NB When calculating U-values to BS EN ISO 6946: 2007, the type of mechanical fixing used may change the thickness of insulation required. These calculations assume telescopic tube fasteners with a thermal conductivity of 1.00 W/m·K or less, the effect of which is insignificant.

NB For the purposes of these calculations the standard of workmanship has been assumed good and therefore the correction factor for air gaps has been ignored.

NB The figures quoted are for guidance only. A detailed U-value calculation together with condensation risk analysis should be completed for each individual project.

NB If your construction is different for those specified and / or to gain a comprehensive U-value calculation along with a condensation risk analysis for your project please consult the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department for assistance (see rear cover).

U-value Table Key

Where an **X** is shown, the U-value is higher than the worst of the maximum new build area weighted average U-values allowed by the 2010 Editions of Approved Documents L to the Building Regulations (England & Wales), the 2010 Editions of Technical Handbooks Section 6 (Scotland), the 2006 Editions of Technical Booklets F (Northern Ireland), or the 2008 Editions of Technical Guidance Documents L* (Republic of Ireland).

* Excluding Change of Use and Material Alterations.

Concrete Deck

Dense Concrete Deck with Suspended Ceiling

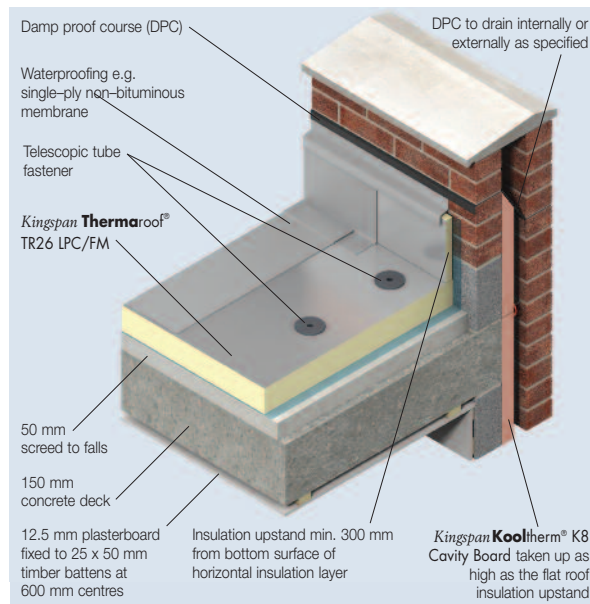


Figure 1

Insulant Thickness (mm)	U-values (W/m ² ·K)
70	X
75	0.25
80	0.24
90	0.22
100	0.20
105	0.19
110	0.18
115	0.17
120	0.17
125	0.16
130	0.16
135	0.15
140	0.14
150	0.14
75 + 80*	0.13
80 + 85*	0.12
90 + 90	0.11
100 + 100	0.10

* Where multiple layers of insulation of different thicknesses are used, the thickest layer should be installed as the outermost layer in the construction.

Timber Deck

Timber Deck with Plasterboard Ceiling

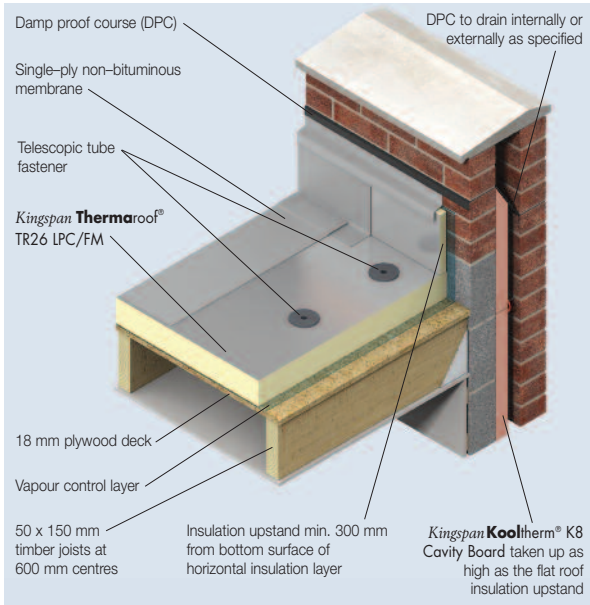


Figure 2

Insulant Thickness (mm)	U-values (W/m ² -K)
70	X
75	0.25
80	0.24
90	0.22
100	0.20
105	0.19
110	0.18
115	0.17
120	0.17
125	0.16
130	0.16
135	0.15
140	0.14
150	0.14
75 + 80*	0.13
80 + 85*	0.12
90 + 90	0.11
100 + 100	0.10

* Where multiple layers of insulation of different thicknesses are used, the thickest layer should be installed as the outermost layer in the construction.

Metal Deck

Metal Deck with No Ceiling

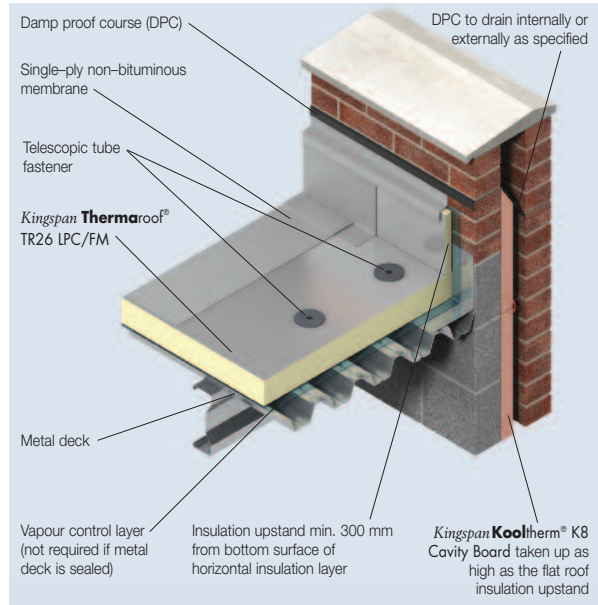


Figure 3

Insulant Thickness (mm)	U-values (W/m ² -K)
80	X
85	0.25
90	0.24
95	0.22
100	0.21
105	0.20
110	0.19
120	0.18
125	0.17
130	0.17
135	0.16
140	0.15
150	0.14
80 + 80	0.13
90 + 90	0.12
95 + 95	0.11
100 + 100	0.11
105 + 105	0.10

Green Roof Systems

Extensive Green Roof Covering – Metal Deck with No Ceiling

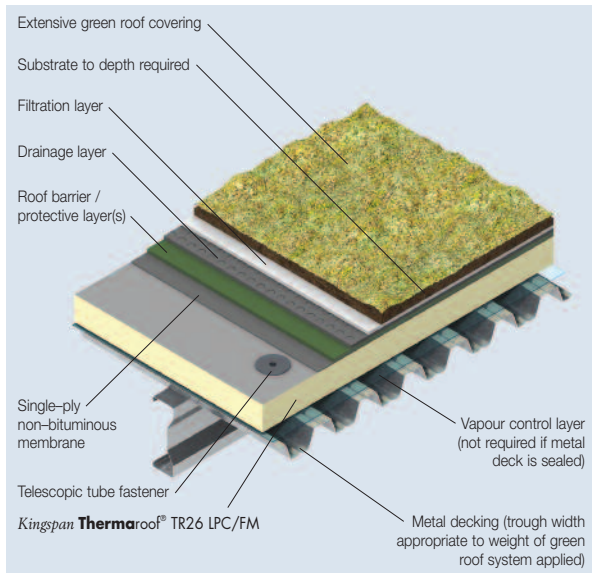


Figure 4

Insulant Thickness (mm)	U-values (W/m ² ·K)
80	X
85	0.25
90	0.24
95	0.22
100	0.21
105	0.20
110	0.19
120	0.18
125	0.17
130	0.17
135	0.16
140	0.15
150	0.14
80 + 80	0.13
90 + 90	0.12
95 + 95	0.11
105 + 105	0.10

Semi-Intensive Green Roof Covering – Dense Concrete Deck with Suspended Ceiling

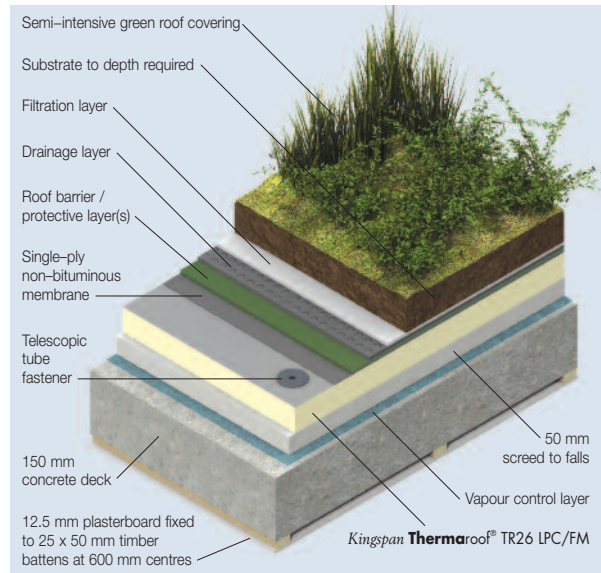


Figure 5

Insulant Thickness (mm)	U-values (W/m ² ·K)
70	X
75	0.25
80	0.24
90	0.22
100	0.20
105	0.19
110	0.18
115	0.17
120	0.17
125	0.16
130	0.16
135	0.15
140	0.14
150	0.14
75 + 80*	0.13
80 + 85*	0.12
90 + 90	0.11
100 + 100	0.10

* Where multiple layers of insulation of different thicknesses are used, the thickest layer should be installed as the outermost layer in the construction.

Design Considerations

Linear Thermal Bridging

Reasonable provision must be made to limit the effects of cold bridging. The design should ensure that roof-light or ventilator kerbs etc. are always insulated with the same thickness of **Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM** as the general roof area. A 25 mm thick **Kingspan Thermaroof® TR27 LPC/FM** upstand should be used around the perimeter of the roof on the internal façade of parapets. A minimum distance of 300 mm should be maintained between the top of the insulation upstand and the bottom of the horizontal roof insulation. Wall insulation should also be carried up into parapets as high as the flat roof insulation upstand. Please contact the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department (see rear cover) for further advice.

Environmental Impact & Responsible Sourcing

Green Guide Rating

An Ecoprofile, certified by BRE Certification to the 2008 BRE Environmental Profiles Methodology, has been created for **Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM** produced at Kingspan Insulation's British manufacturing facilities. The BRE has assigned the product a 2008 Green Guide Summary Rating of A+.



Environmental Profiles Scheme
Certificate Number ENP 409

Responsible Sourcing

Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM is manufactured under a management system certified to BS / I.S. EN ISO 14001: 2004. The principle polymer components of the product are also manufactured under management systems certified to EN ISO 14001: 2004.

NB The above information is correct at the time of writing. Please confirm at the point of need by contacting Kingspan Insulation's Technical Service Department (see rear cover), from which copies of Kingspan Insulation and its suppliers' ISO 14001 certificates can be obtained along with confirmation of Kingspan Insulation's products' Green Guide ratings.

Sustainability & Responsibility

Kingspan Insulation has a long-term commitment to sustainability and responsibility: as a manufacturer and supplier of insulation products; as an employer; as a substantial landholder; and as a key member of its neighbouring communities.

A report covering the sustainability and responsibility of Kingspan Insulation Ltd's British operations is available at www.kingspaninsulation.co.uk/sustainabilityandresponsibility.

Specification Clause

Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM should be described in specifications as:-

The roof insulation shall be **Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM** ____mm thick: comprising a high performance rigid thermoset insulation core faced on both sides with a low emissivity composite foil facing. The product shall be manufactured: with a blowing agent that has zero Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) and low Global Warming Potential (GWP); in accordance with the requirements of BS 4841-4; under a management system certified to BS / I.S. EN ISO 9001: 2008, BS / I.S. EN ISO 14001: 2004 and BS / I.S. OHSAS 18001: 2007; by Kingspan Insulation Limited; and installed in accordance with the instructions issued by them.

NBS Specifications

Details also available in NBS Plus.

NBS users should refer to clause(s):

J42 420, J42 430 (Standard and Intermediate)

J42 10 (Minor Works).



Wind Loading

Wind loadings should be assessed in accordance with BS 6399-2: 1997 (Loadings for buildings. Code of practice for wind loads) or BS / I.S. EN 1991-1-4: 2005 (National Annex to Eurocode 1 Actions on Structures. General Actions. Wind Actions) taking into account:

- length / width / height of the building;
- orientation of the building;
- wind speed;
- aspect (e.g. on a hill side); and
- topographical value of the surrounding area.

Falls

The fall on a flat roof, constructed using **Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM**, is normally provided by the supporting structure being directed towards the rainwater outlets. The fall should be smooth and steep enough to prevent the formation of rainwater ponds. In order to ensure adequate drainage, BS 6229: 2003 (Flat roofs with continuously supported coverings. Code of practice) recommends uniform gradients of not less than 1 in 80. However, because of building settlement, it is advisable to design in even greater falls. These can be provided by a **Kingspan Thermataper® LPC/FM** tapered roofing system (see below).

Tapered Roofing

*Kingspan Therma*roof® TR26 LPC/FM is also available in a tapered version, *Kingspan Therma*taper® TT46 LPC/FM, comprising a high performance rigid thermoset insulation core, manufactured with a blowing agent that has zero Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) and low Global Warming Potential (GWP), faced on both sides with a low emissivity composite foil facing. *Kingspan Therma*taper® TT46 LPC/FM comes with a supporting design service. This ensures that the most cost-effective solution for a roof is identified and that the end result is a tapered system design which meets a roof's rainwater run-off and insulation requirements. Further details of *Kingspan Therma*taper® TT46 LPC/FM are available from the Kingspan Insulation Tapered Roofing Department (see rear cover), which should be consulted as early as possible in the process of designing a roof.

Roof Waterproofing

*Kingspan Therma*roof® TR26 LPC/FM is suitable for use with most mechanically fixed single-ply waterproofing membranes.

Please Note: *Kingspan Therma*roof® TR26 LPC/FM is not suitable for use with bitumen based built-up waterproofing systems or mastic asphalt.

Water Vapour Control

*Kingspan Therma*roof® TR26 LPC/FM should be installed over a separate vapour control layer, in new build roofs, unless it is being used in conjunction with a sealed metal deck. Regardless of the deck type it is recommended that a condensation risk analysis is carried out for every project.

For refurbishment projects, involving the addition of insulation to existing insulated flat roofs, or roofs constructed of insulated steel faced composite panels, it is imperative that a U-value calculation and condensation risk analysis is carried out for every project, in order to ensure that the correct thickness of insulation is installed to achieve the required thermal performance, whilst avoiding interstitial condensation.

In refurbishment projects, where *Kingspan Therma*roof® TR26 LPC/FM is to be installed over an existing bituminous waterproofing membrane, the membrane can be used as a vapour control layer, as long as it is in a good water tight condition. Where this is not the case, a separate vapour control layer should be installed.

A minimum separate vapour control layer should consist of a 1000 gauge (250 micron) polythene sheet, with all joints lapped and then sealed with double sided self adhesive tape.

Roof Loading / Traffic

*Kingspan Therma*roof® TR26 LPC/FM is suitable for use on access roof decks subject to limited foot traffic.

Where inappropriate foot traffic is liable to occur it is recommended that the roof surface is protected by specially constructed walk-ways.

For further advice on the acceptability of specific foot traffic regimes, please contact the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department (see rear cover).

Green Roofs

*Kingspan Therma*roof® TR26 LPC/FM is suitable for use under most green roof systems.

Green roof systems are a specialist design area. When designing a loose-laid insulated green roof assembly consideration needs to be given to the following.

Green roof systems are required to have a minimum dry weight of 80 kg/m² to ballast the insulation boards beneath them. However, the total required dry weight will depend upon wind uplift, which in turn will vary with the geographical location of the building, local topography, and the height and width of the roof concerned. The necessity for any additional dry weight should be assessed in accordance with BS 6399-2: 1997 (Loading for Buildings. Code of practice for wind loads) or BS / I.S. EN 1991-1-4: 2005 (National Annex to Eurocode 1 Actions on structures. General Actions. Wind Actions).

When installing a loose-laid insulated green roof assembly, any insulation must be immediately over-laid with the green roof system, which must meet all of the requirements outlined above.

Where these requirements cannot be ensured, the insulation must be mechanically fixed (see Sitework). For further information please contact the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department (see rear cover).

Lightning Protection

Building designers should give consideration to the requirements of BS / I.S. EN 62305: 2006 (Protection against lightning).

Sitework

Installing over Metal Decks

- Where an FM or LPCB approved construction is required, please refer to 'LPCB & FM Certification' on page 13.
- Metal decks should be clean, dry, without large projections, steps or gaps, and should be graded to allow correct falls to all rainwater outlets.
- If using a sealed metal deck there is no requirement for a separate vapour control layer.
- If the metal deck is not sealed the vapour control layer should be loose-laid.
- Where one run of the specified vapour control layer laps another, there should be minimum 150 mm side and end overlaps, which should be adequately sealed.
- Turn up the vapour control layer at the edge of the roof to a height appropriate to the specified waterproofing membrane.
- Boards of *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM should be secured to the deck using mechanical fixings e.g. telescopic tube fasteners (see 'Mechanical Fixings').
- Insulation boards should always be laid break-bonded, either with their long edges at right angles to the trough openings, or diagonally across the corrugation line, and with joints lightly butted. There should be no gaps at abutments.
- Roof-light or ventilator kerbs etc. should always insulated with the same thickness of *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM as the general roof area.
- A 25 mm thick *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM upstand should be used around the perimeter of the roof on the internal façade of parapets.
- A minimum distance of 300 mm should be maintained between the top of the insulation upstand and the bottom of the horizontal roof insulation.
- The waterproofing membrane is also mechanically fixed in accordance with the membrane manufacturer's instructions, over the whole insulated area including any insulation upstands, as soon as possible after laying the insulation boards.

Installing over Concrete Decks

- Concrete decks should be clean, dry, without large projections, steps or gaps, and should be graded to allow correct falls to all rainwater outlets.
- The vapour control layer should be loose-laid over the deck.
- Where one run of the specified vapour control layer laps another, there should be minimum 150 mm side and end overlaps, which should be adequately sealed.
- Turn up the vapour control layer at the edge of the roof to a height appropriate to the specified waterproofing membrane.
- Boards of *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM should be secured to the deck using mechanical fixings e.g. telescopic tube fasteners (see 'Mechanical Fixings').
- Insulation boards should always be laid break-bonded, either with their long edges at right angles to the edge of, or diagonally across the roof, and with joints lightly butted. There should be no gaps at abutments.
- Roof-light or ventilator kerbs etc. should always insulated with the same thickness of *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM as the general roof area.
- A 25 mm thick *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM upstand should be used around the perimeter of the roof on the internal façade of parapets.
- A minimum distance of 300 mm should be maintained between the top of the insulation upstand and the bottom of the horizontal roof insulation.
- The waterproofing membrane is also mechanically fixed in accordance with the membrane manufacturer's instructions, over the whole insulated area including any insulation upstands, as soon as possible after laying the insulation boards.

Installing over Plywood Decks

- Timber decks should be clean, dry, without large projections, steps or gaps, and should be graded to allow correct falls to all rainwater outlets.
- The vapour control layer should be temporarily stapled or nailed to the deck.
- Where one run of the specified vapour control layer laps another, there should be minimum 150 mm side and end overlaps, which should be adequately sealed.
- Turn up the vapour control layer at the edge of the roof to a height appropriate to the specified waterproofing membrane.
- Boards of *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM should be secured to the deck using mechanical fixings e.g. telescopic tube fasteners (see 'Mechanical Fixings').
- Insulation boards should always be laid break-bonded, either with their long edges at right angles to the edge of, or diagonally across the roof, and with joints lightly butted. There should be no gaps at abutments.
- Joints between insulation boards should not coincide with those between the plywood sheets.
- Roof-light or ventilator kerbs etc. should always insulated with the same thickness of *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM as the general roof area.
- A 25 mm thick *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM upstand should be used around the perimeter of the roof on the internal façade of parapets.
- A minimum distance of 300 mm should be maintained between the top of the insulation upstand and the bottom of the horizontal roof insulation.
- The waterproofing membrane is also mechanically fixed in accordance with the membrane manufacturer's instructions, over the whole insulated area including any insulation upstands, as soon as possible after laying the insulation boards.

Installing over Existing Flat Roofs

- The existing waterproofing membrane surface should be clean, dry, without large projections, steps or gaps, and should be graded to allow correct falls to all rainwater outlets.
- Where the existing waterproofing membrane is not fit for purpose as a vapour control layer, a separate vapour control layer should be loose-laid over it.
- Where one run of the specified vapour control layer laps another, there should be minimum 150 mm side and end overlaps, which should be adequately sealed.
- Turn up the vapour control layer at the edge of the roof to a height appropriate to the specified new waterproofing membrane.
- Boards of *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM should be secured to the deck using mechanical fixings e.g. telescopic tube fasteners (see 'Mechanical Fixings').
- Insulation boards should always be laid break-bonded, either with their long edges at right angles to the edge of, or diagonally across the roof, and with joints lightly butted. There should be no gaps at abutments.
- Roof-light or ventilator kerbs etc. should always insulated with the same thickness of *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM as the general roof area.
- A 25 mm thick *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR27 LPC/FM upstand should be used around the perimeter of the roof on the internal façade of parapets.
- A minimum distance of 300 mm should be maintained between the top of the insulation upstand and the bottom of the horizontal roof insulation.
- The waterproofing membrane is installed in accordance with the membrane manufacturer's instructions, over the whole insulated area including any insulation upstands, as soon as possible after laying the insulation boards.

Installing over Existing Composite Panel Roofs

- If the existing profile provides inadequate support for the insulation boards, the existing roof should be over-boarded, e.g. with plywood, prior to their installation.
- Boards of *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM should be secured to the deck using mechanical fixings. Please refer to the Kingspan Insulation Technical Advice Service (see rear cover) for advice on fixing specification.
- Insulation boards should always be laid break-bonded and with joints lightly butted. There should be no gaps at abutments. If the existing roof has been over-boarded, then insulation boards should be laid with their long edges at right angles to the edge of, or diagonally across the roof. If not, they should be laid either with their long edges at right angles to the trough openings, or diagonally across the corrugation line
- Roof-light or ventilator kerbs etc. should always insulated with the same thickness of *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM as the general roof area.
- The waterproofing membrane is installed in accordance with the membrane manufacturer's instructions, over the whole insulated area including any insulation upstands, as soon as possible after laying the insulation boards.

Mechanical Fixings

- The number of mechanical fixings required to fix *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM will vary with the geographical location of the building, the local topography, and the height and width of the roof concerned along with the deck type.
- A minimum of 6 fixings are required to secure boards of *Kingspan Thermaroof*® TR26 LPC/FM to the deck.
- The requirement for additional fixings should be assessed in accordance with BS 6399-2: 1997 (Loadings for buildings. Code of practice for wind loads) or BS / I.S. EN 1991-1.4: 2005 (National Annex to Eurocode 1. Actions on structures, General Actions, Wind Actions).
- Mechanical fixings must be arranged in an even pattern.
- Fasteners at insulation board edges must be located > 50 mm and < 150 mm from edges and corners of the board and not overlap board joints.
- Please refer to page 11 for recommended fixing patterns.
- Each fixing should incorporate a square or circular plate washer (50 x 50 mm or 50 mm diameter).
- If two layers of insulation are to be installed, the base layer should be mechanically fixed with minimum 1 No. fixing in the centre of the board before fixing the top layer as described above.
- Where alternative mechanical fixing systems are specified, such as bar fixing systems, the specified system must give similar restraint to the insulation board as would be attained by the use of conventional telescopic tube fasteners.

Installing in Two Layers

- In situations where two layers of insulation are required, both layers should be installed in the same manner, as detailed in the preceding sections. However, refer to 'Mechanical Fixings' for guidance on the number of fixings to be used in each layer.
- In all cases, the layers should be horizontally offset relative to each other so that, as far as possible, the board joints in the two adjacent layers do not coincide with each other (see Figure 6).

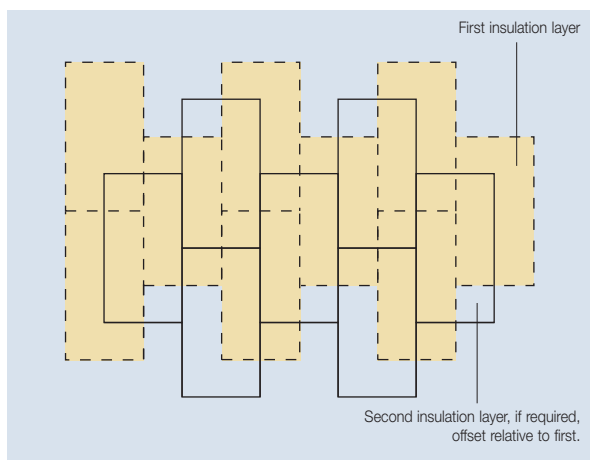


Figure 6 Offsetting of Multiple Insulation Layers

General

Following Trades

- The roof must be adequately protected when building works are being carried out on or over the roof surface. This is best achieved by close boarding. The completed roof must not be used for storage of heavy building components such as bricks or air conditioning equipment.

Daily Working Practice

- At the completion of each day's work, or whenever work is interrupted for extended periods of time, a night joint must be made in order to prevent water penetration into the roof construction.

Cutting

- Cutting should be carried out either by using a fine toothed saw, or by scoring with a sharp knife, snapping the board over a straight edge and then cutting the facing on the other side.
- Ensure accurate trimming to achieve close-butting joints and continuity of insulation.

Availability

- **Kingspan Thermaroof® TR26 LPC/FM** is available through specialist insulation distributors and selected roofing merchants throughout the UK and Ireland.

Packaging and Storage

- The polyethylene packaging of Kingspan Insulation products, which is recyclable, should not be considered adequate for outdoor protection.
- Ideally, boards should be stored inside a building. If, however, outside storage cannot be avoided, then the boards should be stacked clear of the ground and covered with an opaque polythene sheet or weatherproof tarpaulin. Boards that have been allowed to get wet should not be used.

Health and Safety

- Kingspan Insulation products are chemically inert and safe to use.
- A Safety Information Data Sheet for this product is available from the Kingspan Insulation website www.kingspaninsulation.co.uk/safety or www.kingspaninsulation.ie/safety.

Please note that the reflective surface on this product is designed to enhance its thermal performance. As such, it will reflect light as well as heat, including ultraviolet light. Therefore, if this board is being installed during very bright or sunny weather, it is advisable to wear UV protective sunglasses or goggles, and if the skin is exposed for a significant period of time, to protect the bare skin with a UV block sun cream.

The reflective facing used on this product can be slippery underfoot when wet. Therefore, it is recommended that any excess material should be contained to avoid a slip hazard.

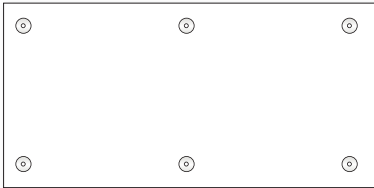
Warning – do not stand on or otherwise support your weight on this board unless it is fully supported by a load bearing surface.

Mechanical Fixing Patterns

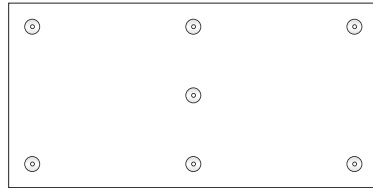
Recommended Fixing Patterns

The recommended fixing patterns for *Kingspan Thermoroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM are shown below. The number of fixings necessary should be assessed in accordance with BS 6399-2: 1997 (Loadings for buildings. Code of practice for wind loads) or BS / I.S. EN 1991-1.4: 2005 (National Annex to Eurocode 1. Actions on structures, General Actions, Wind Actions).

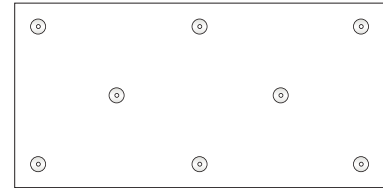
The images below show the recommended fixing pattern, the number of fixings used and the resulting fixing rate shown as the number of fixings per m².



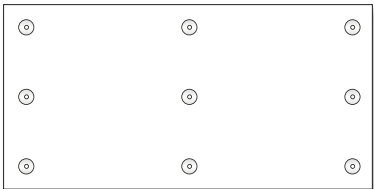
6 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 2.08 fixings / m²)



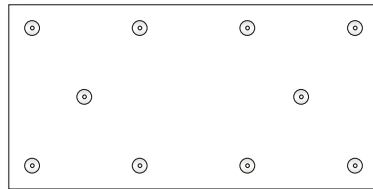
7 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 2.43 fixings / m²)



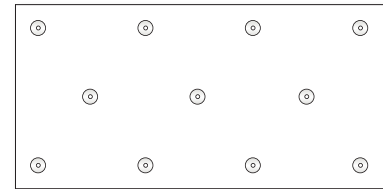
8 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 2.77 fixings / m²)



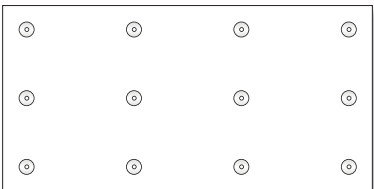
9 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 3.12 fixings / m²)



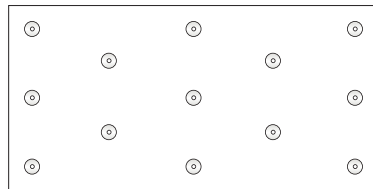
10 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 3.47 fixings / m²)



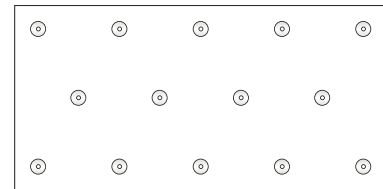
11 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 3.81 fixings / m²)



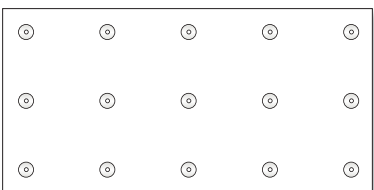
12 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 4.16 fixings / m²)



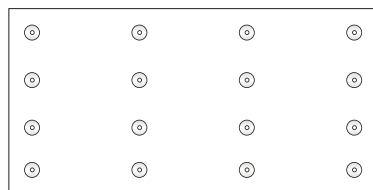
13 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 4.51 fixings / m²)



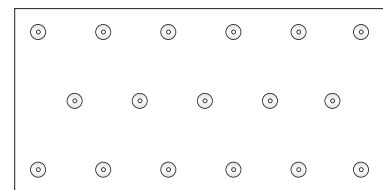
14 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 4.86 fixings / m²)



15 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 5.20 fixings / m²)



16 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 5.55 fixings / m²)



17 No. per board
(2.4 x 1.2 m board – 5.90 fixings / m²)

NB Mechanical fixings e.g. telescopic tube fasteners, must be arranged in an even pattern. Fasteners at board edges must be located > 50 mm and < 150 mm from edges and corners of the board and not overlap board joints.

Product Details

The Facings

Kingspan Thermaroof[®] TR26 LPC/FM is faced on both sides with a low emissivity composite foil, autohesively bonded to the insulation core during manufacture.

The Core

The core of *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM is manufactured with



Nilflam[®] technology, a high performance rigid thermoset polyisocyanurate (PIR) insulant manufactured with a blowing agent that has zero Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) and low Global Warming Potential (GWP).



Standards and Approvals

Kingspan Thermaroof[®] TR26 LPC/FM is manufactured to the highest standards in accordance with requirements BS 4841–4 (Rigid polyisocyanurate (PIR) and polyurethane (PUR) products for building end-use applications. Specification for laminated boards (roofboards) with auto-adhesively or separately bonded facings for use as roofboard thermal insulation under single-ply roofing membranes).

Kingspan Thermaroof[®] TR26 LPC/FM is also manufactured to the highest standards under a management system certified to BS / I.S. EN ISO 9001: 2008 (Quality management systems. Requirements), BS / I.S. EN ISO 14001: 2004 (Environmental Management Systems. Requirements) and BS / I.S. OHSAS 18001: 2007 (Health and Safety Management Systems. Requirements).

Standard Dimensions

Kingspan Thermaroof[®] TR26 LPC/FM is available in the following standard size:

Nominal Dimension		Availability
Length	(m)	2.4
Width	(m)	1.2
Insulant Thickness	(mm)	Refer to local distributor or Kingspan Insulation price list for current stock and non-stock sizes.

Compressive Strength

The compressive strength of *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM typically exceeds 150 kPa at 10% compression, when tested to BS / I.S. EN 826: 1996 (Thermal insulating products for building applications. Determination of compression behaviour).

Water Vapour Resistance

Adjusted for the effect of board joints, the product achieves a resistance greater than 100 MN·s/g, when tested in accordance with BS EN 12086: 1997 / I.S. EN 12086: 1998 (Thermal insulating products for building applications. Determination of water vapour transmission properties).

Kingspan Thermaroof[®] TR26 LPC/FM should always be installed over a vapour control layer or sealed metal deck (see 'Water Vapour Control' on page 6).

Durability

If correctly installed, *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM can have indefinite life. Its durability depends on the supporting structure and the conditions of its use.

Resistance to Solvents, Fungi & Rodents

The insulation core is resistant to short-term contact with petrol and with most dilute acids, alkalis and mineral oils. However, it is recommended that any spills be cleaned off fully before the boards are installed. Ensure that safe methods of cleaning are used, as recommended by the suppliers of the spilt liquid. The insulation core is not resistant to some solvent-based adhesive systems, particularly those containing methyl ethyl ketone. Adhesives containing such solvents should not be used in association with this product. Damaged boards or boards that have been in contact with harsh solvents or acids should not be used.

The insulation core and facings used in the manufacture of *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM resist attack by mould and microbial growth, and do not provide any food value to vermin.

Fire Performance

Kingspan Thermaroof[®] TR26 LPC/FM, when subjected to the British Standard fire test specified in the table below, will achieve the result shown, when waterproofed with a single-ply waterproofing membrane.

Test	Result
BS 476-3: 2004 (External fire exposure roof test)	Dependent on single-ply membrane adopted

Further details on the fire performance of Kingspan Insulation products may be obtained from the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department (see rear cover).

LPCB & FM Certification

FM Certification

Kingspan Thermaroof[®] TR26 LPC/FM is certified as achieving Class 1 Insulated Steel Deck Pass to Factory Mutual Research Standards 4450: 1989 (Approval Standard for Class 1 Insulated Steel Deck Pass) and 4470: 2010 (Approval Standard for Single-Ply, Polymer-Modified Bitumen Sheet, Built-Up Roof (BUR) and Liquid Applied Roof Assemblies for use in Class 1 Noncombustible Roof Deck Construction), subject to the conditions of approval as a roof insulation product for use in Class 1 roof constructions as described in the current edition of the Factory Mutual Research Approval Guide.



LPCB Certification

Metal deck roofing constructions incorporating *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM, produced at Kingspan Insulation's Pembridge and Castleblayney manufacturing facilities, have been successfully tested to LPS 1181: Part 1 (Requirements and Tests for Built-up Cladding and Sandwich Panel Systems for use as the External Envelope of Buildings). The table below indicates the LPCB listed approvals for *Kingspan Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM.

For further details please contact the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department (see rear cover) or alternatively search for "*Thermaroof*[®] TR26 LPC/FM" or approval reference number 388b/01 on www.redbooklive.com.

Product	Thickness (mm)	Vapour Control	Grade	LPCB Ref No.
<i>Kingspan Thermaroof</i> [®] TR26 LPC/FM	30 – 120 in a single layer	Sealed metal deck or separate vapour control layer	EXT – B	388b/01



LPS 1181: Part 1
Certificate No. 388b/01

Thermal Properties

The λ -values and R-values detailed below are quoted in accordance with BS / I.S. EN 13165: 2008 (Thermal insulation products for buildings – Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) products – Specification).

Thermal Conductivity

The boards achieve a thermal conductivity (λ -value) of 0.022 W/m·K.

Thermal Resistance

Thermal resistance (R-value) varies with thickness and is calculated by dividing the thickness of the board (expressed in metres) by its thermal conductivity. The resulting number is rounded down to the nearest 0.05 (m²·K/W).

Insulant Thickness (mm)	Thermal Resistance (m ² ·K/W)
70	3.15
80	3.60
85	3.85
90	4.05
95	4.30
100	4.50
105	4.75
110	5.00
115	5.20
120	5.45
125	5.65
130	5.90
135	6.10
140	6.35
150	6.80

NB Refer to local distributor or Kingspan Insulation price list for current stock and non-stock sizes.

Contact Details

Customer Service

For quotations, order placement and details of despatches please contact the Kingspan Insulation Customer Service Department on the numbers below:

UK – Tel: +44 (0) 1544 388 601
– Fax: +44 (0) 1544 388 888
– email: customerservice@kingspaninsulation.co.uk

Ireland – Tel: +353 (0) 42 979 5000
– Fax: +353 (0) 42 975 4299
– email: info@kingspaninsulation.ie

Literature & Samples

Kingspan Insulation produces a comprehensive range of technical literature for specifiers, contractors, stockists and end users. The literature contains clear 'user friendly' advice on typical design; design considerations; thermal properties; sitework and product data.

Available as a complete Design Manual or as individual product brochures, Kingspan Insulation technical literature is an essential specification tool. For copies please contact the Kingspan Insulation Marketing Department, or visit the Kingspan Insulation website, using the details below:

UK – Tel: +44 (0) 1544 387 384
– Fax: +44 (0) 1544 387 484
– email: literature@kingspaninsulation.co.uk
– www.kingspaninsulation.co.uk/literature

Ireland – Tel: +353 (0) 42 979 5000
– Fax: +353 (0) 42 975 4299
– email: info@kingspaninsulation.ie
– www.kingspaninsulation.ie/literature

Tapered Roofing

For technical guidance, quotations, order placement and details of despatches please contact the Kingspan Insulation Tapered Roofing Department on the numbers below:

UK – Tel: +44 (0) 1544 387 383
– Fax: +44 (0) 1544 387 483
– email: tapered@kingspaninsulation.co.uk

Ireland – Tel: +353 (0) 42 975 4297
– Fax: +353 (0) 42 975 4296
– email: tapered@kingspaninsulation.ie

Technical Advice / Design

Kingspan Insulation supports all of its products with a comprehensive Technical Advisory Service for specifiers, stockists and contractors.

This includes a computer-aided service designed to give fast, accurate technical advice. Simply phone the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department with your project specification. Calculations can be carried out to provide U-values, condensation / dew point risk, required insulation thicknesses etc... Thereafter any number of permutations can be provided to help you achieve your desired targets.

The Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department can also give general application advice and advice on design detailing and fixing etc... Site surveys are also undertaken as appropriate.

The Kingspan Insulation British Technical Service Department operates under a management system certified to the BBA Scheme for Assessing the Competency of Persons to Undertake U-value and Condensation Risk Calculations.



Please contact the Kingspan Insulation Technical Service Department on the numbers below:

UK – Tel: +44 (0) 1544 387 382
– Fax: +44 (0) 1544 387 482
– email: technical@kingspaninsulation.co.uk

Ireland – Tel: +353 (0) 42 975 4297
– Fax: +353 (0) 42 975 4296
– email: technical@kingspaninsulation.ie

General Enquiries

For all other enquiries contact Kingspan Insulation on the numbers below:

UK – Tel: +44 (0) 1544 388 601
– Fax: +44 (0) 1544 388 888
– email: info@kingspaninsulation.co.uk

Ireland – Tel: +353 (0) 42 979 5000
– Fax: +353 (0) 42 975 4299
– email: info@kingspaninsulation.ie

Kingspan Insulation Ltd. reserves the right to amend product specifications without prior notice. Product thicknesses shown in this document should not be taken as being available ex-stock and reference should be made to the current Kingspan Insulation price-list or advice sought from Kingspan Insulation's Customer Service Department (see above left). The information, technical details and fixing instructions etc. included in this literature are given in good faith and apply to uses described. Recommendations for use should be verified for suitability and compliance with actual requirements, specifications and any applicable laws and regulations. For other applications or conditions of use, Kingspan Insulation offers a Technical Advisory Service (see above), the advice of which should be sought for uses of Kingspan Insulation products that are not specifically described herein. Please check that your copy of this literature is current by contacting the Kingspan Insulation Marketing Department (see left).

Kingspan Insulation Ltd is a member of:
The Single Ply Roofing Association



Kingspan Insulation Ltd
Pembridge, Leominster, Herefordshire HR6 9LA, UK
Castleblayney, County Monaghan, Ireland

www.kingspaninsulation.co.uk www.kingspaninsulation.ie